Algorithm Description Model Objective Training Regularisation Complexity Non-linear Online learning

- Assigned to its closest centroid.
- Geometric distance: The Euclidean distance, \( k \).
- Binary, linear classifier:
  - Primal
  - Objective function
  - Dual
  - Training instance: \( \eta \in \mathbb{N} \) training instance:
  - Objective function
  - In {
  - Supervised Classification
  - Model
  - Objective
  - Training
  - Regularisation
  - Complexity
  - Non-linear
  - Online learning

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